Galvan Industries, Inc.

galvanelectrical.com

Ground Rod And Coupling Specification

For Copper-Coated,

SRC

NO8

CALCREZSO OLISIANDE **Hot-Dip Galvanized And**

Stainless-Steel

Ground Rod Electrodes

NORMATIVE REFERENCES

American National Standards Institute

ANSI C135.30 – 1988 (expired 1993) Zinc-Coated Ferrous Ground Rod Electrodes for Overhead or Underground Lines

American Society for Testing and Materials

ASTM A-108 Standard Specification for Steel Bars, Carbon, Cold-Rolled

ASTM A-123 Standard Specification for Zinc Coatings of Iron and Steel Products

ASTM A-370 Standard Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

ASTM E-376-96 Standard Practice for Measuring Coating Thickness by Magnetic-Field or Eddy-Current Test Methods

ASTM A510 Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel

ASTM 571-97E1 Standard Practice for Qualitative Testing of Metallic Coatings

Canadian Standards Association CSA C22.2 No. 41-M1987; Grounding and Bonding Equipment

Canena THC-99 Standard (anticipated introduction late 2007) Underwriters Laboratories ANSI/UL467-1993; Standard for Grounding & Bonding Mexican Electrical Code NMX-J-567; Bonding & Grounding Canadian Electrical Code C22.2 No. 41; Bonding & Grounding

Technical Engineering Service Sharp Edge Tester SET-50

Underwriters Laboratories UL467 Standard for Grounding & Bonding Equipment

1.0 Ground Rods – Copper-Coated & Hot-Dip Galvanized

- Rods shall be listed for quality purposes and traceability by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) such as ETL, UL, CSA, etc. to specification UL467.
- Material: The steel used in the production of the ground rod core shall meet the requirements of ASTM-A370, and shall have a minimum tensile strength of 80,000 PSI and a minimum Rockwell B hardness of 80. The rod's steel core shall be cold-drawn to assure enhanced hardness and straightness.
- Length: Rod length tolerances shall be -0, +5/8 inch for each size specified.
- Finished Diameters: Rod diameters (inches nominal) shall fall within the ranges listed below.

Diameter	Trade Size Finished Diameter Threadless or Threaded <u>Copper-Coated</u>	Finished Diameter Threadless Zinc-Coated
1/2 5/8 5/8 Actual Size 3/4 1	0.500 - 0.510 0.555 - 0.565 N/A 0.673 - 0.683 0.907 - 0.917	$\begin{array}{c} 0.484 - 0.500 \\ 0.539 - 0.555 \\ 0.625 - 0.640 \\ 0.750 - 0.765 \\ 1.000 - 1.015 \end{array}$

Note: RUS now accepts rods with 10 mils minimum of copper coating. Please refer to <u>www.rurdev.usda.gov/supportdocuments/lom1207.pdf</u> for official statement.

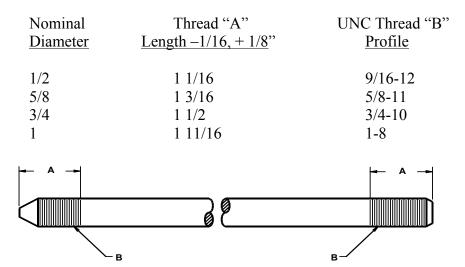
• Coating:

The coating thickness for <u>copper-coated</u> rods shall not be less than 0.010 inch thick at any point on the rod when measured with an eddy-current device per ASTM E-376.

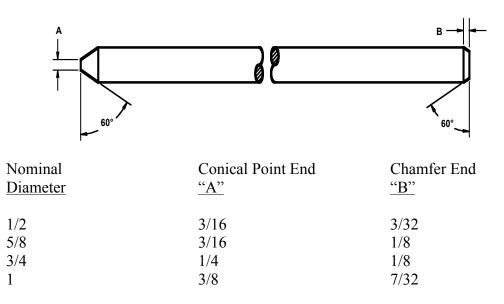
The coating thickness for <u>13-mil copper-coated</u> rods shall not be less than 0.013 inch thick at any point on the rod when measured with an eddy-current device per ASTM E-376. <u>Note:</u> See <u>www.rurdev.usda.gov/supportdocuments/lom1207.pdf</u> for official statement regarding the acceptance of 10 mil rods.

The coating thickness for <u>zinc-coated</u> rods shall not be less than 0.0039 inch thick at any point on the rod when measured in accordance with ASTM E-376. Zinc coated rods shall be hot-dip galvanized in accordance with ASTM A-123.

• Threads: Threads on copper-coated sectional rods shall be of the "roll-thread" type, and shall conform on each end of the rod electrode per the following:



• Rod ends: The configuration of the chamfer and drive end of each rod shall conform to the following:



- Adhesion Test: An 18-inch length of the rod with one end cut to a 45 degree point shall be driven between two steel clamping plates, or the jaws of a vise set 0.04 inch less than the diameter of the rod, so as to shear off sufficient metal to expose the bond between the jacket and rod. Peeling of the jacket by the steel plates or the jaws of the vise is acceptable, but there shall be no other evidence of separation of the jacket from the steel core.
- Bend Test: There shall be no evidence of cracking of the jacket if at room temperature a length of the rod is rigidly held in a clamp or vise and the free end

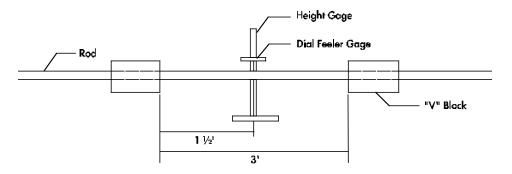
bent by applying a force normal to the rod at a distance from the clamping device equal to 40 times the rod diameter. The magnitude of the force and the direction of application shall be such that the rod is permanently bent through a 30-degree angle without failure of the copper coating.

- Surface Evaluation: The surface of the ground rod, including point and chamfer ends, shall be smooth and uniform, and free from blisters, pitting, slivers, peeling, flaking and other types of sharp projections as safety criteria. Conformance to no sharp projections shall be tested using a Technical Engineering Service Company, Sharp Edge Tester, Model SET-50 device. There shall also be no evidence of cracking of the coating.
- Straightness: All ground rod electrodes shall be straight per the following test and acceptance criteria.

A ground rod sample shall be supported by two "V" blocks with a dial feeler gage located at the mid-point of the "V" blocks per the following figure. While rotating the ground rod by hand, the maximum and minimum readings shall be recorded. The readings are to be subtracted for the total deviation. The average deviation from straight for the length of the ground rod located between the "V" blocks is determined by the following formula:

Average Deviation = $\underline{\text{Maximum Deviation less Minimum Deviation}}$ 2 x 3 feet

The straightness of the rod, per this calculation, shall not vary more than 0.25 inches/5 feet.



• Marking: The ground rod shall be permanently and legibly marked with the manufacturer's identification, and the catalog or equivalent designation, Beginning within the top 6 inches of the drive, or chamfer, end of the ground rod. In addition, a rod end shall be color-coded to identify diameter per the following:

Copper-Coated:

Nominal <u>Diameter</u>	Threadless or <u>Threaded</u>	
¹ / ₂ Non-Listed	Green	
¹ / ₂ Listed	Orange	
5/8 Non-Listed	Red	

5/8 Listed	Copper
5/8 Full Size	Yellow
3/4	Black
1	No Color

Hot-Dip Galvanized:

Nominal Diameter	Threadless
¹ / ₂ Non-Listed	Green
5/8	Copper
5/8 Full Size	Yellow
3/4	Black
1	No Color

Packaging: Rods shall be packaged in sub-bundles of five (5) rods, and master bundles shall be secured with metal banding. Master bundles shall consist of twenty (20) sub-bundles of 5 rods producing a master bundle of one hundred (100) rods. Exception to this will be ³/₄ inch diameter rods where the master bundle shall consist of 10 sub-bundles of 5 rods for a total master bundle of 50 rods, and 1 inch diameter rods where the master bundle of 5 rods for a total master bundles of 5 rods for a total master bundle of 5 rods for a total master bundle of 5 rods for a total master bundles of 5 rods for a total master bund

2.0 Ground Rods – Stainless Steel

- Rods shall be listed for quality purposes and traceability by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) such as ETL, UL, CSA, etc. to specification UL467.
- Material: The material shall be solid stainless steel. The steel used in the production of the ground rod shall be ANSI Type 304 Solid Stainless Steel, meet the requirements of ASTM-A370, and shall have a minimum tensile strength of 80,000 PSI and a minimum Rockwell B hardness of 80.
- Length: Rod length tolerances shall be -0, +5/8 inch for each size specified.
- Diameters: Rod diameters (inches nominal) shall fall within the finished diameter ranges listed below.

	Full-Size Actual	
	Finished Diameter	
Diameter	Threadless or Threaded	
5/8	0.625 - 0.635	
3/4	0.750 - 0.765	
1	1.000 - 1.020	

• All other characteristics of the stainless-steel rod shall meet the same criteria as the copper-coated and hot-dip galvanized referenced in section 1.0.

Packaging: Rods shall be packaged in sub-bundles of five (5) rods, and master bundles shall be secured with metal banding. Master bundles shall consist of twenty (20) sub-bundles of 5 rods producing a master bundle of one hundred (100) rods. Exception to this will be ³/₄ inch diameter rods where the master bundle shall consist of 10 sub-bundles of 5 rods for a total master bundle of 50 rods, and 1 inch diameter rods where the master bundle of 5 rods for a total master bundles of 5 rods for a total master bundle of 5 rods for a total master bundle of 5 rods for a total master bundles of 5 rods.

3.0 Threaded & Threadless Couplings

• Material:

Copper rod coupling material shall be Copper Alloy CDA-956000 containing not less than 80% copper, and shall be suitable for direct burial.

Zinc-coated rod coupling material shall be Copper Alloy CDA-956000 or coatedsteel, and shall be suitable for direct burial.

Stainless-steel rod coupling material shall be of stainless steel composition compatible with the rod, and shall be suitable for direct burial.

- Finish: The surface finish of the completed coupling shall be smooth and free of cracks, burrs and sharp projections. Conformance to no sharp projections shall be tested using a Technical Engineering Service Company, Sharp Edge Tester, Model SET-50 device.
- Length: The length of the coupling shall be sufficient to accommodate the threaded portion of two coupled ground rods and meet the performance requirements.
- Threads:

"Threaded" couplings shall be symmetrical and shall accept electrodes of the following nominal sizes:

Nominal Diameter	UNC Thread	
Diameter	Profile	
1/2	9/16"-12 UNC	
5/8	5/8"-11 UNC	
3/4	³ / ₄ "-10 UNC	
1	1"-8 UNC	

Note:

"Threadless" coupling shall be symmetrical and shall be compatible with threadless ground rods.

- Conductivity: The couplings in the assembled mode shall exhibit no less than 95% of the conductivity of an unspliced ground rod of equal length.
- Impact: Two 18-inch rod samples shall be coupled and held vertically in a tubular fixture that is at least 0.010 inch greater than the rod diameter. The penetrating end of the bottom ground rod shall be rested on a fixed plate of a weight sufficient to withstand the impact test, and located in a hole at least 4 inches in depth. The

coupling shall not rest on or be contained within the tubular fixture or fixture plate. The top ground rod shall be subjected to an impact force of 40 foot-pounds. After 25 impacts, the couplings shall not break, split, or be subjected to damage that impairs performance.

- Pullout: The joined coupling/rod assembly must withstand a pullout force of no less than 1500 pounds before separation.
- Bend: The coupling/rod assembly shall be subjected to the same bending requirements as an individual ground rod. The test specimen shall be gripped in a suitable rigid clamp or vise, and the ground rod bent by applying a force normal to the ground rod, at a distance of 40 times the rod diameter from the clamping device. The coupling shall be located midway between the clamping device and the point of applied force. The force shall be applied until the ground rod is permanently bent through an angle of 30 degrees. The coupling shall exhibit an sign of cracking or separation from the rod electrode.
- Marking: Couplings shall be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark, and trade size. Each coupling package shall be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark, and trade size.

4.0 Ground Rod Clamps – Bolted & Compression

- Clamps shall be listed for quality purposes and traceability by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) such as ETL, UL or CSA.
- Material: Copper rod coupling material shall be Copper Alloy CDA-956000 containing not less than 80% copper, and shall be suitable for direct burial. Hardware material must be either stainless steel or minimum 80% copper, suitable for direct burial and compatible with the coupling material.
- Finish: The surface finish of the completed coupling shall be smooth and free of cracks, burrs and sharp projections. Conformance to no sharp projections shall be tested using a Technical Engineering Service Company, Sharp Edge Tester, Model SET-50 device.
- Conductivity: The clamp in the assembled mode shall exhibit no less than 95% of the conductivity of a solid conductor.
- Pullout: The joined clamp/grounding conductor/rod electrode assembly must withstand a pullout force of no less than 500 pounds before separation. This test shall be performed by pulling on the grounding conductor with the rod held firmly in place, the clamp providing a securing function only.
- Marking: Clamps shall be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark, and trade size. Each clamp package shall be marked with the manufacturer's name or trademark, and trade size.

- Packaging: Clamps shall be packaged and marked with the part number, quantity, coupling size/nominal and bar code.
- Torque/Securance Requirements: Bolted Clamp: Assembly torque requirements shall fall within one of the following criteria with the appropriate thread characteristics:

Duty	Assembly Torque	<u>Thread Size</u>
Standard	350 inch-pounds	3/8 - 16 UNC
Heavy	450 inch-pounds	7/16 - 14 UNC
Extra Heavy	600 inch-pounds	1/2 - 13 UNC

Compression Clamp: Hammer-on ground clamps shall provide sufficient force to facilitate a compression connection between the clamp and rod electrode. The grounding conductor shall be in direct contact with the rod electrode to assure a positive grounding path.